

## COURT OF APPEALS OF VIRGINIA

Present: Judges Petty, AtLee and Senior Judge Clements

SMITHFIELD FOODS, INC. AND  
SAFETY NATIONAL CASUALTY CORP.

v. Record No. 0080-15-1

DONALD R. BRANSTETTER, JR.

MEMORANDUM OPINION\*  
PER CURIAM  
JUNE 16, 2015

FROM THE VIRGINIA WORKERS' COMPENSATION COMMISSION

(William W. Nexsen; Meredith Harlow Jacobi; Stackhouse, Nexsen & Turrietta, on briefs), for appellants.

(Philip J. Geib, on brief), for appellee.

Smithfield Foods, Inc. and Safety National Casualty Corp. (hereinafter “employer”) appeal a decision of the Workers’ Compensation Commission (hereinafter “the commission”). The commission concluded that res judicata principles barred employer’s argument disputing the causal relationship between Donald R. Branstetter, Jr.’s (hereinafter “claimant”) second episode of deep vein thrombosis (hereinafter “DVT”) and claimant’s May 28, 2011 workplace accident. Employer also appeals the commission’s award of attorney’s fees to claimant on the basis that employer unreasonably defended the claim for the “second” DVT medical bills.

Employer maintains the original award for DVT medical bills did not include claimant’s hospitalization for DVT from September 23, 2012 through October 21, 2012. It acknowledges that claimant included these bills in the evidence submitted to the deputy commissioner for the December 11, 2012 hearing; however, as the pleadings did not distinguish between the “first

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\* Pursuant to Code § 17.1-413, this opinion is not designated for publication.

DVT” hospitalization in July 2011 and the “second DVT” hospitalization from September to October 2012, employer contends claimant “sneaked these [latter] records into evidence . . . .”

We have reviewed the record and the commission’s opinion and find that this appeal is without merit. Accordingly, we affirm for the reasons stated by the commission in its final opinion. See Branstetter v. Smithfield Foods, Inc., JCN No. VA00000457303 (Dec. 18, 2014). We dispense with oral argument and summarily affirm because the facts and legal contentions are adequately presented in the materials before the Court and argument would not aid the decisional process. See Code § 17.1-403; Rule 5A:27.

Affirmed.