COURT OF APPEALS OF VIRGINIA

Present: Judges Bray, Annunziata and Overton

RAPHAEL JEU

v. Record No. 0511-97-4

MEMORANDUM OPINION*
PER CURIAM
OCTOBER 7, 1997

HYATT REGENCY RESTON and EMPLOYERS INSURANCE OF WAUSAU

FROM THE VIRGINIA WORKERS' COMPENSATION COMMISSION

(Raphael Jeu, pro se, on briefs).

(Lisa C. Healey; Siciliano, Ellis, Dyer and Boccarosse, on brief), for appellees.

Raphael Jeu (claimant) contends that the Workers' Compensation Commission (commission) erred in refusing to award him compensation benefits on the ground that his injuries did not arise out of and in the course of his employment, but rather resulted from his active participation in horseplay with a co-worker. Upon reviewing the record and the briefs of the parties, we conclude that this appeal is without merit. Accordingly, we summarily affirm the commission's decision. Rule 5A:27.

"A finding by the Commission that an injury [did or did not arise] out of and in the course of employment is a mixed finding of law and fact and is properly reviewable on appeal." <u>Dublin Garment Co., Inc. v. Jones</u>, 2 Va. App. 165, 167, 342 S.E.2d 638, 638 (1986). Findings of fact made by the commission will be upheld on appeal if supported by credible evidence. <u>See James v. Capitol Steel Constr. Co.</u>, 8 Va. App. 512, 515, 382 S.E.2d 487, 488 (1989). "In determining whether credible evidence exists, the appellate court does not retry the facts, reweigh the preponderance of the evidence, or make its own determination of the credibility of the witnesses." <u>Wagner Enters., Inc. v. Brooks</u>, 12 Va. App. 890, 894, 407 S.E.2d 32, 35 (1991).

The commission held that the evidence did not support claimant's assertion that his co-worker, Mostafa Hanif, assaulted him. Rather, the commission found that the evidence proved that claimant and Hanif engaged in mutual horseplay, which was not condoned by the employer and which resulted in claimant's

^{*}Pursuant to Code § 17-116.010 this opinion is not designated for publication.

injuries. In so ruling, the commission found as follows:
 Hanif was prone to giving "bear hugs" and
 there is no indication that he lifted the
 claimant with any malicious intent. Rather,
 the evidence indicates that the claimant and
 Hanif were engaged in horseplay which
 escalated beyond that of previous horseplay
 between the two parties. Prior to the
 injury, the claimant was hitting Hanif with a
 towel and fully engaged in activities leading
 up to the incident, including what appeared
 to be playing "tag" five to ten minutes
 before the incident. Evidence from employees
 and the restaurant manager indicated that
 horseplay was not condoned by the employer.

The commission's findings are supported by the testimony of Deborah Peruzzotti, the employer's assistant restaurant manager, and claimant's co-workers, Catherine Leveroni, Redozane Benbatoul, and Hanif. Because credible evidence supports the commission's factual findings, we will not disturb them on appeal. Based upon these findings, the commission could reasonably conclude that claimant and Hanif were engaged in mutual horseplay which caused claimant's injuries. "Where co-workers mutually participate in [horseplay] the resulting injury is not an 'injury by accident' as contemplated by [the Act]." Jones, 2 Va. App. at 168, 342 S.E.2d at 639.

For these reasons, we affirm the commission's decision.

Affirmed.