COURT OF APPEALS OF VIRGINIA

Present: Chief Judge Moon, Senior Judges Cole and Duff

MCV HOSPITAL/COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA

v. Record No. 2118-95-2
VIOLET FORD-HILL

MEMORANDUM OPINION*
PER CURIAM
MARCH 19, 1996

FROM THE VIRGINIA WORKERS'

COMPENSATION COMMISSION

(James S. Gilmore, III, Attorney General; Catherine C. Hammond, Deputy Assistant Attorney General; Gregory E. Lucyk, Senior Assistant Attorney General; Raymond L. Doggett, Jr., Assistant Attorney General, on briefs), for appellant.

(Geoffrey R. McDonald; Laura L. Geller; McDonald & Snesil, on brief), for appellee.

MCV Hospital/Commonwealth of Virginia ("employer") contends that the Workers' Compensation Commission erred in finding that (1) Violet Ford-Hill's bilateral carpal tunnel syndrome qualifies as a compensable occupational disease within the meaning of "disease" under the Workers' Compensation Act ("the Act"); (2) Ford-Hill's carpal tunnel syndrome was caused by her employment; and (3) Dr. Robert S. Adelaar was an authorized treating physician.

This appeal is controlled by the Supreme Court's decision in Stenrich Group v. Jemmott, ____, Va. ____, ____, S.E.2d ____, ____ (1996) (holding that "job-related impairments resulting from

 $^{^{*}}$ Pursuant to Code § 17-116.010 this opinion is not designated for publication.

cumulative trauma caused by repetitive motion, however labeled or however defined, are, as a matter of law, not compensable under the present provisions of the Act"). Because <u>Stenrich</u> is dispositive of this appeal, we need not address the remaining questions presented by employer.

Accordingly, we reverse the commission's decision.

Reversed.